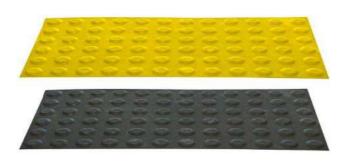


### Self-Adhesive Tactile Pad Product Code: T19

Technical Data Sheet



#### **Technical Data**

Code: T19

Type: Warning tactileMaterial: Polyurethane

Density:1390 Kg/m³

Heat Transfer Coefficient: 0.16W/(m.K)

o Melting Point: 250°C

Effective Head of Combustion: 17.95
 MJ/KG

Tensile Strength: 50-80MPaElongation at break: 20-40%

Notch Test: 2-5 Kj/m²

Young's Modulus: 2900-3300 Mpa

Dimensions: 300mm x 600mm x 2mm pad plus
 5mm tactile height = 7mm total

• Slip Rating: P5 (test report available on request)

#### Fixing:

- The pads are self-adhesive
- Screw fixing through the pads can be undertaken. Special coloured screws are available upon request.

#### **Features**

- Colours available: Yellow, black, grey, terracotta
  & ivory
- Fast and easy to install
- Minimal down time can be walked on immediately
- Suitable for concrete ,timber, vinyl and all smooth hard floor surfaces
- Enhanced bonding technique Floorsafe surface primer is supplied with all orders
- UV stable (please note grey and terracotta will fade in direct sunlight)
- 5 year product warranty under normal conditions

#### **Installation Instructions**

Make sure you remove any debris & dust and make sure the surface is completely clean, dry and smooth. Newly laid surfaces must have a minimum of 21 days curing time before laying pads.

## POROUS SURFACES: Please use the Surface Primer supplied.

- 1. Place the Tactile pads into position leaving a 1-2mm gap for expansion.
- 2. Apply masking tape as close as possible to around the edges of the pads
- 3. Remove pads and apply the Surface Primer onto the surface and up to the edge of the masking tape allowing the primer to soak in.
- 4. Leave primer to dry between 15 30 minutes pending on conditions.
- 5. Remove backing paper from the tactile pad and place into position leaving a 1-2mm gap. Tap down firmly with rubber hammer.
- 6. Once the area is completed remove the masking tape making that all exposed edges are sealed

#### Compliance

Floorsafe Australia's T19 self-Stick Tactiles comply with the following standards:

- National Construction Code
  - Section D3.8
- Australian/New Zealand Standard 1428.1 2009 –
  Design for access and mobility Design for access and mobility: General requirements for access –
  New building works
- Australian/New Zealand Standard 1428.4.1 2009 –
   Design for access and mobility Means to assist
   the orientation of people with vision impairment:
   Tactile ground surface indicators
- Australian/New Zealand Standard 4586 2013 Slip resistance classification of new pedestrian surface materials

#### **Luminance Contrast**

The Building Code of Australian/New Zealand and the AS/NZS 1428.4.1 require a minimum luminance contrast of 30%. Guide lines are as follows:

- Integrated tactile indicators not less than 30% across the entire area
- Discrete (individual) tactile indicators not less than 45%
- Where Discrete tactile indicators are constructed of two colours or materials the raised section shall have a minimum contrast of 60%

Test - AS.NZS 1428.4.1 2009 Appendix E (pg 70-77)



# LAYOUT REQUIREMENTS FOR STAIRS, RAMPS, ESCALATORS AND MOVING WALKS

TGSI's provide cues, which, when combined with other environmental information assist people who are blind or vision impaired with their orientation. This system has been designed to provide warning of an approaching hazard to the blind and vision impaired.

Tactiles must meet the requirements of the Building Code of Australia (BCA) Section D Clause 3.8, Australian and New Zealand Standards 1428.4.1-2009 & The Disability Discrimination Act (DDA).

#### **Luminance Contrast**

Over 330,000 Australians are blind or vision-impaired. With the ageing Australian population this is expected to double in the next 20 years. Up to 90% of people with vision impairment still retain some sight and for this reason luminance contrast can play an important part. The Building Code of Australian/New Zealand requires a minimum luminance contrast of 30%.

Luminance contrast to the base surface is as follows:

Integrated tactile indicators – not less than 30% across the entire area

Discrete (individual) tactile indicators – not less than 45%

Discrete tactile indicators constructed of two colours or materials the raised section shall have a contrast not less than 60%

#### **Placement**

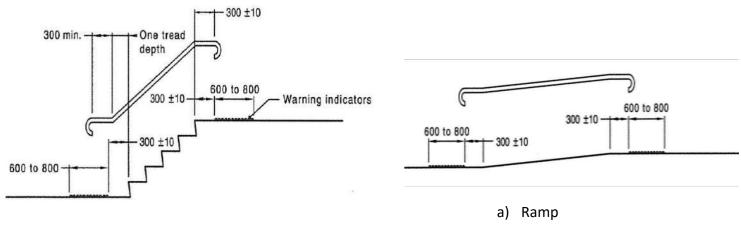
- Full width of the path of travel
- Perpendicular to the direction of travel when approaching a hazard
- Set back 300mm from the edge of hazard (except at railway stations and wharves) and installed 600m deep.
- Shall be located at the top and bottom of stair ways, ramps, escalators and moving walks. (see Figure 1)

#### Landings

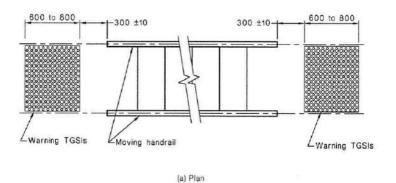
- Where the distance of the landing is less than 3000mm to the nearest nosing edge the tactile indicators shall be over a distance of 300-400mm (see Figure 2.a)
- Where the distance of the landing is 3000m or more to the nearest nosing edge the warning indicators shall be over a distance of 600-800mm (see Figure 2.b, Figure 2.d and Figure 3)
- If a continuous handrail exists on both sides and the landing is less than 3000mm tactile indicators are not required (see Figure 1.c).

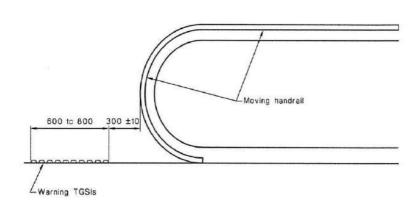


Figure 1



b) Stairways

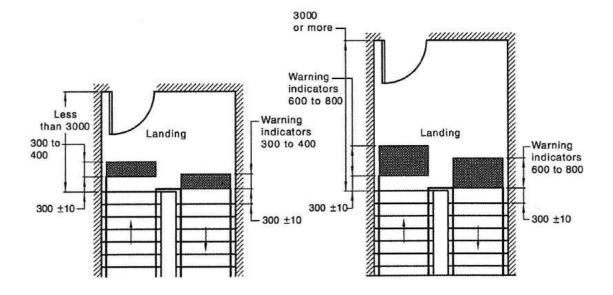




c) Escalators and moving walks

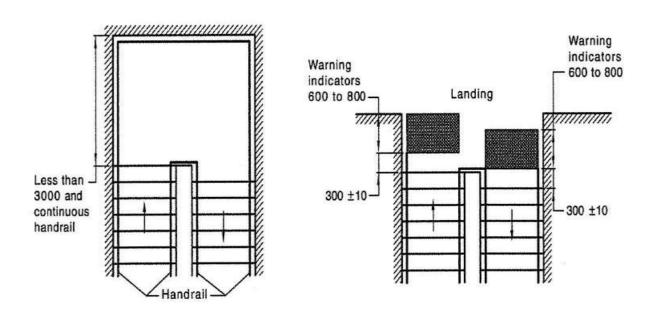


Figure 2



 a) Stairway with landing less than 3000mm and no continuous outer handrail

b) Stairway with landing greater than 3000mm and no continuous handrail

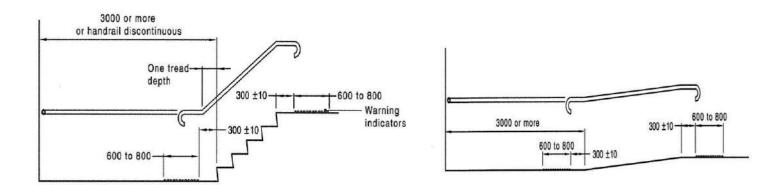


c) Plan of enclosed stair way with landing less than 3000m with continuous handrail d) Unenclosed stairway

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Figure 3



 a) Side elevation where bottom landing is greater than 3000m wide and/or has a discontinuous handrail